2007 SUMMER ROADSIDE SURVEY

PERFORMANCE REPORT STATEWIDE WILDLIFE RESEARCH AND SURVEYS

A Contribution of Pittman-Robertson Funds Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration

Grant W-39-R-14

Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks

Mike Hayden Secretary

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2007 Summer Roadside Survey

Prepared by Matt Peek, Furbearer Biologist

Each year since 1980, conservation officers, district biologists, public lands and parks employees, and other selected Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks personnel have been asked to participate in the Summer Roadside Survey. The survey takes place between the fourth week of July and the last week of September. Participants are asked to record all furbearers and rabbits observed (dead or alive) while driving during their regular duties. Observations and mileage are recorded weekly (**Appendix 1**), and a Roadside Index (the number of animals observed per 1000 miles traveled) is calculated.

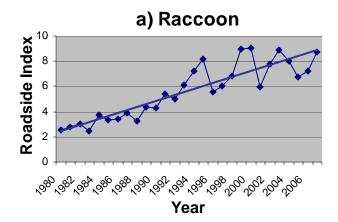
From 1980-1985, only raccoon observations were recorded, but both procedures and classes of personnel involved have remained similar since 1986. In 2007, 97 Department employees returned usable surveys. Total miles driven and number of each species observed since 1980 are shown in **Table 1.** Annual Roadside Indices calculated from this data and their associated trend lines are presented in **Figure 1** for the seven furbearer species most commonly observed. Caution should be exercised in drawing conclusions about species with small sample sizes (i.e. - low indices) such as bobcat and red fox. **Figure 2** shows a relative comparison of annual Roadside Indices for several groups of furbearers. Again, caution must be used in interpreting this data. This figure is not meant to be a comparison of population levels, but rather a comparison of the relative change in indices over time.

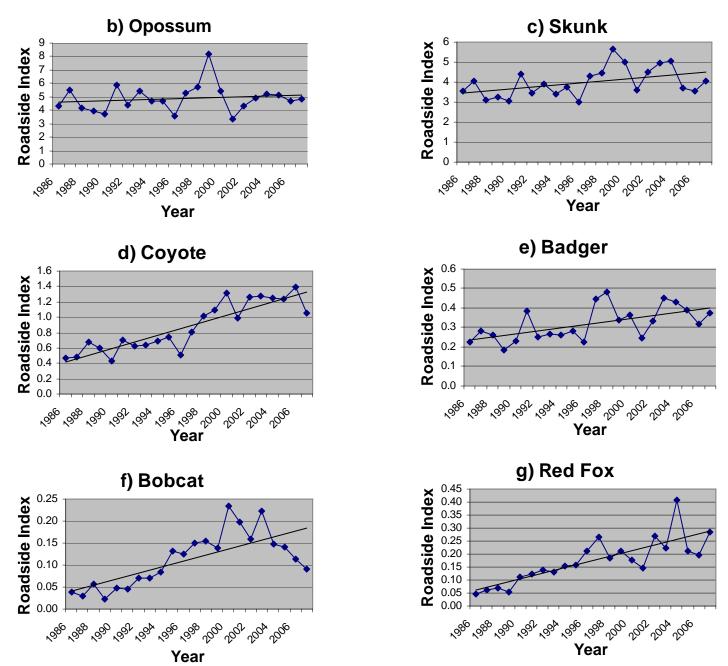
Mean 2007 Roadside Indices by KDWP region are presented in **Table 2**. Personnel with statewide responsibilities who participate in the survey are classified under the region in which they are stationed. Duncan's Multiple Range Test (SAS GLM procedure) was used to compare indices among regions ($\alpha = 0.05$). In 2007, raccoon, opossum, striped skunk, coyote, and badger had enough observations to show statistically significant regional variation. A comparison of annual regional indices for each of these species is presented in **Figure 3**.

Year	(n)	Miles	Raccoon	Opossum	Striped	Coyote	Badger	Bobcat	Red	Gray
					Skunk				Fox	Fox
1980	80	241752	606							
1981	76	302309	829							
1982	84	324956	991							
1983	73	359309	876							
1984	76	271213	1018							
1985	77	293312	971							
1986	81	313547	1078	1348	1109	146	70	12	14	1
1987	79	305812	1192	1680	1237	149	87	9	19	0
1988	81	301140	989	1264	931	204	78	17	21	0
1989	98	359834	1580	1415	1168	217	67	8	20	0
1990	82	300465	1276	1122	922	128	70	14	34	3
1991	102	352063	1904	2063	1556	246	136	16	44	1
1992	103	377202	1898	1655	1301	235	94	27	52	0
1993	107	374677	2290	2023	1463	241	100	26	49	0
1994	99	353089	2562	1661	1198	245	92	30	55	2
1995	106	390159	3174	1826	1457	287	110	51	62	1
1996	94	384811	2142	1369	1159	195	87	48	81	0
1997	71	325653	1965	1726	1405	262	145	49	86	1
1998	94	385924	2648	2204	1719	393	187	60	71	6
1999	74	300904	2703	2459	1699	330	102	42	64	1
2000	84	364139	3288	1974	1820	480	133	85	64	11
2001	67	287980	1719	967	1032	284	71	57	42	0
2002	76	321335	2511	1383	1449	404	107	51	86	2
2003	90	368408	3289	1804	1819	469	167	82	82	1
2004	90	353245	2836	1845	1776	439	152	52	144	2
2005	100	388468	2615	1985	1439	481	152	55	82	3
2006	89	344109	2483	1611	1213	481	110	39	67	2
2007	97	413668	3597	2002	1674	438	155	38	118	1

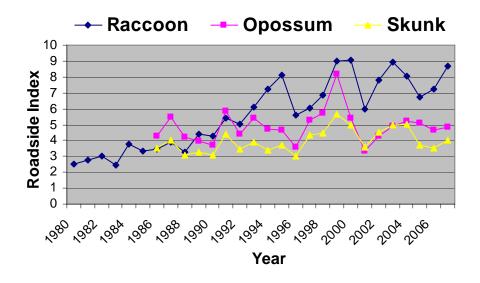
Table 1.	Roadside	Survey	participatio	n, mileage	, and species	observations since 198	0.
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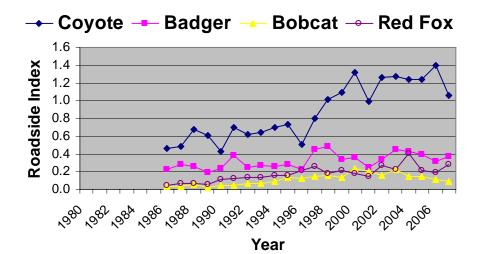
Year	Swift	Beaver	Mink	Muskrat	River	Spotted	Weasel	Armadillo	Woodchuck	Porcupine
	Fox				Otter	Skunk				
1986	12	0	11		0	1	0	2	1	0
1987	11	1	10		0	1	0	2	2	0
1988	9	6	10		0	0	0	2	6	0
1989	17	9	3		0	0	0	6	2	2
1990	5	5	11		0	1	0	8	3	0
1991	10	3	19		0	0	2	13	4	2
1992	23	6	10		0	0	2	21	12	2 2 5
1993	15	18	36		0	0	0	77	10	5
1994	26	8	7		0	0	1	62	7	0
1995	10	9	11		0	3	1	88	8	2
1996	1	3	10	7	0	0	0	134	10	0
1997	2	4	10	5	0	0	0	285	7	3 3
1998	5	6	14	15	0	0	1	260	18	3
1999	3	3	8	11	0	0	0	242	25	8
2000	1	12	13	24	1	0	0	453	13	2
2001	6	4	7	6	1	0	0	257	18	8
2002	6	13	4	6	0	0	0	597	13	15
2003	22	11	6	2	1	0	0	820	12	5
2004	39	0	5	2	0	0	0	860	20	11
2005	11	6	5	1	0	0	1	816	25	9
2006	11	4	11	6	0	0	2	696	20	8
2007	13	6	3	2	0	0	0	622	18	9





Figures 1a-f. Population trend of various furbearer species based on annual Roadside Indices.





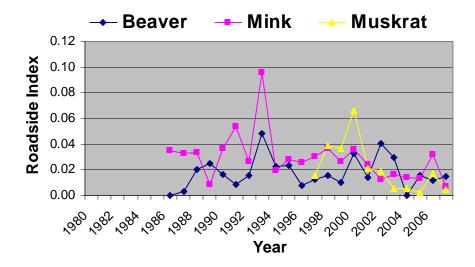
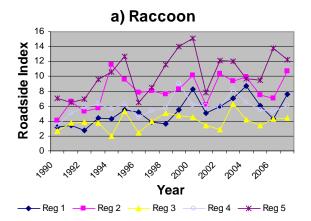


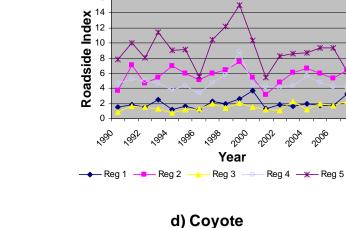
Figure 2a-c. Relative annual Roadside Indices of select furbearer species groups.

Mean 2007 Roadside Index of selected furbearer species by Table 2. **KDWP** region.

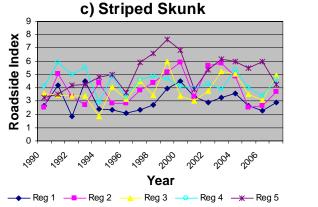
Region	Raccoon		Opossum		Skunk		Coyote		Badger	
1	7.33	bc	3.25	ab	3.00	а	.98	b	.71	а
2	10.39	ab	6.42	а	3.77	а	1.09	b	.27	b
3	4.48	С	2.31	b	5.09	а	.81	b	.76	а
4	6.18	С	4.32	ab	4.76	а	.66	b	.15	b
5	12.27	а	6.20	а	4.39	а	1.67	а	.21	b
STWD	8.70		4.84		4.05		1.06		.37	

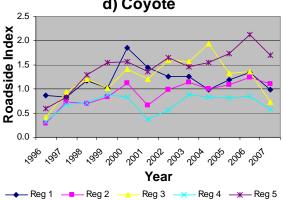
Means with the same subscript are not significantly different (Duncan's Multiple Range Test)





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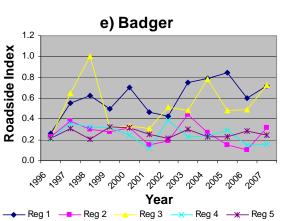


Figure 3a-e. Comparison of mean annual Roadside Indices of selected furbearer species by KDWP region.

b) Opossum

2006

2004

APPENDIX 1 2007 SUMMER ROADSIDE SURVEY OF FURBEARERS AND OTHER MAMMALS

WEEK	RACCOON	OPOSSUM	STRIPED SKUNK	Coyote	Badger	Bobcat	Fox (specify: red, gray or swift)	Cottontail	Jack rabbit	OTHER (SPECIFY)	Miles Driven
July 22 – 28											
July 29 – Aug 4											
Aug 5 - 11											
Aug 12 - 18											
Aug 19 - 25											
Aug 26 – Sept 1											
Sept 2 - 8											
Sept 9 - 15											
Sept 16 - 22											
Sept 23 - 29											
NAME (please print) REGION: Counties used most: Circle one: CO Biol PPL Oth											ol PPL Other