2014-15 BOBCAT PELT TAGGING REPORT

PERFORMANCE REPORT STATEWIDE WILDLIFE RESEARCH AND SURVEYS

A Contribution of Pittman-Robertson Funds Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration

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Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism

Robin Jennison Secretary

Prepared by

Matt Peek Furbearer Biologist





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Prepared by Matt Peek, Furbearer Biologist



An enumeration of bobcats taken in Kansas has been conducted annually since 1978. This project is accomplished with tags provided by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, under the CITES Export Tag Program. In 2014, Kansas used yellow "KS BCAT" tags below number 64271. A total of 133 KDWPT employees and offices were issued tags for the 2014-15 furharvesting season.

CITES tags were affixed to the pelts of 3044 bobcats that were taken in Kansas during the furharvesting season. This included 2 bobcats confiscated by KDWPT. This was a 39% decrease in harvest from last season (4990) and the second lowest take in the last 14 years. The number of bobcats pelt tagged annually since 1978 can be found in **Figure 1**.

Bobcats were taken in 99 of 105 counties. The number of bobcats taken in each county is presented in **Figure 2**. The estimated number of bobcats taken each day of the season is presented in **Figure 3**.

Bobcats may be taken using equipment authorized in K.A.R. 115-5-1 or salvaged during the harvest season. A total of 1185 furharvesters took bobcats during the season. **Table 1** provides a break down of the methods furharvesters used to take bobcats. **Table 2** indicates the primary species being pursued at the time the bobcat was taken. The number of furharvesters having various total season bags is given in **Table 3**.

After the initial tag allocation, tag accountability was maintained via reports from KDWPT employees or offices issued tags. After the season, each was responsible for inventorying unused tags and accounting for all tags they were issued. Unused tags were then destroyed or retained by each tagger, or returned to the Emporia office. Bobcats taken outside this furharvesting season (n = 1) were not included in this analysis. In addition, 19 of 30 pelt tags were not recovered from a departing employee. They are presumed used since other tags in the assigned sequence were recovered, but were excluded from the annual take given the uncertainty.

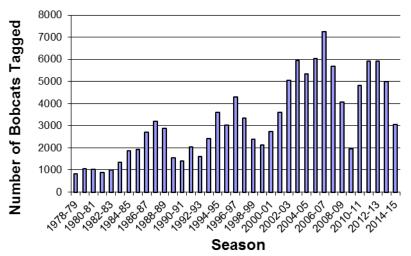


Figure 1. Number of bobcats pelt tagged annually since tagging began in 1978.

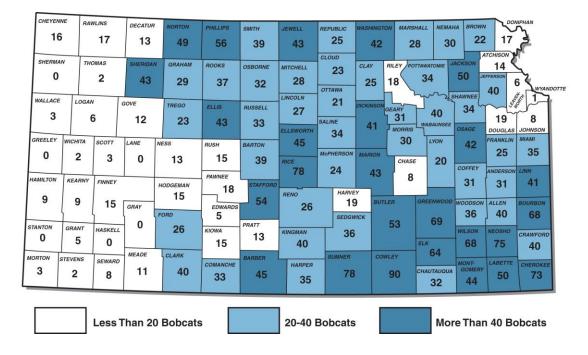
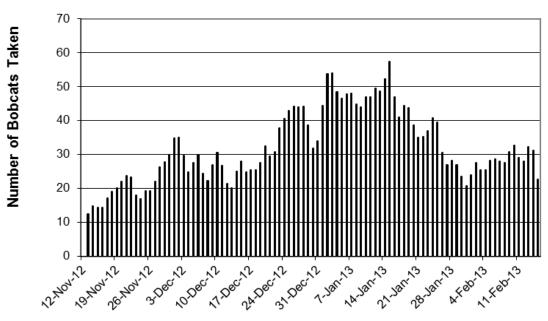


Figure 3. Number of bobcats taken per county during the 2014-15 furharvesting season in Kansas (n = 3041).

Figure 3. Estimated number of bobcats taken per day during the 2014-15 furharvesting season. (Data smoothed: $y_{(i)}=.5y_{(i)}+.25y_{(i+1)}+.25y_{(i-1)}$.)



Date of Take

METHOD		Number of	Number of	Percent of
		Furharvesters*	Bobcats taken	Bobcats taken
TRAPPING				
	(1) Foothold Trap	525	1494	49.1%
	(2) Body Gripping Trap	83	129	4.2%
	(3) Cage Trap	209	440	14.5%
	(4) Snare	167	389	12.8%
	SUB-TOTAL	984	2452	80.6%
HUNTING				
	(5) Rifle	273	364	12.0%
	(6) Shotgun	44	49	1.6%
	(7)Archery	55	59	1.9%
	(8) Hounds	6	8	0.3%
	SUB-TOTAL	378	480	15.8%
OTHER				
	(9) Salvage	92	104	3.4%
	(10) Unspecified or other	8	8	0.3%
	SUB-TOTAL	100	112	3.7%
TOTAL		1462	3044	100.0%

Table 1. Methods used to take bobcats during the 2014-15 furharvesting
season in Kansas.

* Furharvesters who took bobcats by more than one method are represented multiple times.

Table 2. Primary species being pursued when bobcats were taken
during the 2014-15 furharvesting season in Kansas.

SPECIES		FREQUENCY	PERCENT
FURBEARERS	Bobcat	2436	80.0%
	Coyote	324	10.6%
	Raccoon	62	2.0%
	Badger	1	0.0%
	Beaver	1	0.0%
	Red fox	1	0.0%
	Skunk	2	0.1%
	Unspecified "predator"	10	0.3%
	SUB-TOTAL	2837	93.2%
BIG GAME	Deer	89	2.9%
SMALL GAME	Quail	2	0.1%
	Pheasant	5	0.2%
	SUB-TOTAL	7	0.2%
OTHER	Unspecified or other	7	0.2%
	Salvage	104	3.4%
	SUB-TOTAL	111	3.6%
TOTAL		3044	100.0%

Total Season	Number of	Percent of	Cumulative Percent of	Total number of Bobcats	Percent of Bobcats	Cumulative Percent of
Bag	Furharvesters	Furharvesters	Furharvesters	Taken	Taken	Bobcats Taken
1	584	49.28%	49.28%	584	19.19%	19.19%
2	241	20.34%	69.62%	482	15.83%	35.02%
3	123	10.38%	80.00%	369	12.12%	47.14%
4	76	6.41%	86.41%	304	9.99%	57.13%
5	46	3.88%	90.30%	230	7.56%	64.68%
6	33	2.78%	93.08%	198	6.50%	71.19%
7	16	1.35%	94.43%	112	3.68%	74.87%
8	20	1.69%	96.12%	160	5.26%	80.12%
9	11	0.93%	97.05%	99	3.25%	83.38%
10	8	0.68%	97.72%	80	2.63%	86.01%
11	4	0.34%	98.06%	44	1.45%	87.45%
12	4	0.34%	98.40%	48	1.58%	89.03%
13	4	0.34%	98.73%	52	1.71%	90.74%
14	2	0.17%	98.90%	28	0.92%	91.66%
15	2	0.17%	99.07%	30	0.99%	92.64%
16	2	0.17%	99.24%	32	1.05%	93.69%
17	2	0.17%	99.41%	34	1.12%	94.81%
18	1	0.08%	99.49%	18	0.59%	95.40%
19	1	0.08%	99.58%	19	0.62%	96.02%
20	2	0.17%	99.75%	40	1.31%	97.34%
21	1	0.08%	99.83%	21	0.69%	98.03%
25	1	0.08%	99.92%	25	0.82%	98.85%
35	1	0.08%	100.00%	35	1.15%	100.00%
Total	1185			3044		

Table 3. Total season bag of bobcats per furharvester during the 2014-15 season. Data includes 2 bobcats confiscated by KDWPT.

Total

1185

3044